

lawyer, is noted throughout the land for his ability to get either side of any question and maintain the negative or affirmative of an argument with great force and vigor. He sings bass, also, soprano or tenor, and is superb in any role.

Spooner Most Insulting.

At this point Mr. Tillman turned his attention to Senator Spooner's recent attack upon him. He had not intended to speak again, as Brownsville, but the unprecedented actions and utterances of the Wisconsin Senator had made it necessary. Mr. Tillman declared that in Senator Spooner's recent speech "his manner was insulting as it is possible for a Senator to assume," and that the attack on himself was "unparalleled, intentional and in cold blood. It was acting worthy of Uriah Heep."

Mr. Tillman asked: "Since when did Senator Spooner become the censor of Senators?"

Explaining the conditions on his State during the "carpet-bag" government in justifying the "riot and ballot box stuffing," Mr. Tillman said: "We have not shot any negroes in South Carolina on account of politics since '76. We have not found it necessary." He said he would not call the negro a baboon, "as he believes they are men." He said, "yet they are as akin to monkeys that scientists are looking for the missing link yet."

South Nothing to Fear.

Mr. Tillman declared that the South had nothing to fear from an investigation of the whole race question in the South. "We court such an investigation," he said. "If the Filipino was unfit for suffrage, he asked, how could the negro be fit for it?" He said there was a grave question as to whether the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution were ever legally adopted.

He doubted if there would ever be a change in the Constitution. Mr. Tillman wanted the negro to have equality under the law, a right to acquire property and protection in its possession, and the right to the pursuit of happiness, "provided his happiness does not interfere with mine."

The South, he said, was offering up anywhere from forty to one hundred maidens and matrons to this "modern beast" annually. Race hatred, he said, was growing in the North, and billions of dollars of capital invested in the South, and self-interest made it the duty of the North to move to do something to relieve the situation.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

No Intent to Offend.

Mr. Spooner said he had no doubt Mr. Tillman would regret some of his expressions to-day. He said he was not intending to offend Mr. Tillman without malice or without any deliberate purpose to offend Mr. Tillman when he spoke the other day, as the South Carolina Senator had charged. He declared that the South Carolina Senator had gone beyond any utterances he had ever before heard when the latter had said that when, as Governor of South Carolina, he had not used the machinery of the government to prevent violation of the laws.

"To lapse from law to lawlessness is barbarism," he declared, and added that the man who justified such a course of conduct against our civilization.

Carmack Scores Tillman.

When Mr. Spooner took his seat Senator Teller obtained recognition, but said he would yield briefly to Mr. Carmack, who was also addressing the chair. Mr. Carmack said:

"Mr. President, I was not in the chamber in the early part of the speech made by the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. Tillman). I believe that no Senator here has given more frequent or severe provocation for attack than the Senator from South Carolina has done, and no Senator has complained more often or more bitterly of having been made the victim of offensive remarks."

"No Senator upon either side of the chamber has ever made remarks about the Senator from South Carolina as studiously offensive as the Senator from South Carolina, without provocation whatever, has seen fit to make of a number of his colleagues in this chamber."

"The Senator from South Carolina saw fit to make me in his personal capacity, without any provocation whatever, so far as I can judge, I have no feeling of resentment toward the Senator from South Carolina, for without making any personal application, I wish to say that with respect to some men in this chamber, I feel that they are a little more than a fault that they do not know how to speak the language of courtesy and good-fellowship."

Would Be No Regret.

"The Senator from South Carolina saw fit to allude to the fact that I had been defeated for reelection. It was a retort to the most revolting controversy of the day, that I am not surprised that it should have been suggested to the eye of the Senator from South Carolina."

"The Senator did not need to lift his belt from the dust to attain to the height of that great retort. I believe it to be true, Mr. President, and I say it with pride, that the fact that my service terminates is a matter of regret to nearly every man on either side of the chamber, and I believe, to the most of those on the other side, I doubt very much whether that could be truthfully said with respect to either side of the chamber from South Carolina were in my position."

"Mr. President, the Senator from South Carolina says that my spear is broken, and I have taken a garland of flowers upon that broken spear to the White House. Broken, or is it broken, that spear has never been dipped in the filth of the gutter."

"I am glad to say that that shattered spear will be withdrawn from here unscathed with or without me, or untarnished by any act of mine with anything that approaches that name."

Expunged From Record.

When Mr. Tillman rose to reply Senator Teller moved that the doors be closed and the audience excluded. The motion was seconded by several Senators.

"Berry's for Clothes."



If this is the style of Overcoat you fancy—no other will suit you, for it's entirely different from all the others. This cut is too ultra to suit the men who hesitate, but there are men in this town who appreciate a style before it becomes general. Here, \$15 to \$30.

Underwear, Fancy Shirts, Odd Vests, Hats—at greatly reduced prices!

O.H. Berry & Co.
MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHES

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

At his conclusion Mr. Tillman was applauded.

AGREE UPON PLAN FOR THE INQUIRY

Practically the Foraker Resolution, But No Question as to President's Authority.

A VICTORY FOR ROOSEVELT

Veterans at the Capitol Not Surprised at the Result—Blackburn Claims Credit.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21.—In accordance with an agreement reached to-day by Republican Senators, a substitute resolution on the Brownsville question was introduced in the Senate by Mr. Foraker. The substitute reads as follows:

"Resolved, That, without questioning the legality or justice of any act of the President in relation thereto, the Committee on Military Affairs is hereby authorized and directed, by subcommittee or otherwise, to take and have printed testimony for the purpose of ascertaining all the facts with reference to or connected with the affair at Brownsville, Texas, on the night of August 13-14, 1906. Said committee is authorized to send for persons and papers, to administer oaths, to sit during sessions or recess of the Senate, and to employ such assistants, to meet at Brownsville or elsewhere, the expenses of the investigation to be paid from the contingent funds of the Senate."

The Harmony Agreement.

The resolution is identical with that introduced by Senator Foraker on December 19th last, except for the declaration against raising the question of legality of the President's action. It was without questioning the legality or justice of any act of the President in relation thereto, were inserted as the result of the conference called to harmonize the differences of Republican Senators after the introduction by Senator Blackburn of his amendment to endorse the President.

In presenting his resolution, Mr. Foraker said that he had heretofore amended his original provision so as to make it meet with the views of his colleagues, and he added that the modification now presented was for the same purpose. He believed that the present change did not in any way alter the effect of his previous resolution or narrow the scope of the investigation.

"When the facts are ascertained," he continued, "we will be in the situation of not having raised the question in any way, and we will not be precluded in any way."

Lodge Is Satisfied.

Senator Lodge expressed his entire satisfaction with the modified resolution, and withdrew his pending amendment to the original Foraker resolution.

Senator Blackburn, the author of the much-discussed Blackburn amendment, asserted that the modified resolution was satisfactory to him.

"There is not a shadow of difference," he maintained, "between the amendment which I offered and the modification to the resolution which is now proposed."

He claimed credit for securing the change. An exchange of cordial compliments was then indulged in between Messrs. Foraker and Blackburn, which led Mr. Tillman to remark that the incident reminded him of the biblical passage, "How sweet it is for brethren to dwell together in unity."

Succeeded Through Hole.

Continuing, Mr. Tillman declared that the Senator from Massachusetts had succeeded through a very small hole to get back to the majority of his party.

He also said: "The Senator from Kentucky (Mr. Blackburn) has succeeded out of the very same hole to get back to the consciousness of rectitude and non-partisanship, with which he introduced his amendment. I congratulate the Senator upon the fact that all of us are united for once."

Senator Carmack expressed the hope that some Republican Senator would give details of the incident to the press, in which he said the compromise had been formed.

Senator Scott remarked that the negro soldiers involved would all be dead before the Senate committee could get to work on the investigation.

Senator Tillman said he knew that the whole South "would tumble and tumble over itself to support the President, because we don't want negroes in the army at all."

PENSION AGENCIES.

They Are Reduced by President and Great Fund Cut Down.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—The House Committee on Appropriations to-day reported the pension bill, carrying an appropriation of \$138,132,000 for 1907. The appropriation for pensions in 1907 was \$140,245,500. In the bill, appropriation is made for only one of the eighteen pension agencies which now exist. The President alone under the law has authority to decide what pension agencies are to be discontinued. Members of the House Committee on Appropriations say that it is President Roosevelt's desire that the number of agencies be reduced one-half.

NO WRIT OF CERTIORARI IN ANNIE OAKLEY CASE

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21.—A petition for a writ of certiorari in the case of Annie C. Oakley vs. The Charleston, S. C., News and Courier, and Evening Post, of the same city, was denied by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day. It was a damage suit, and the newspapers sought to have the court review the proceedings of the court of appeals for the fourth circuit.

Postal Matters.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21.—Virginia postmasters appointed: Bellevue, Bedford county, Va.—Bengamine S. Eardley, vice J. H. Grant, resigned; Oakley, Stafford county, Va.—Thomas B. Randall, vice W. H. Simpson, resigned; Homerville, Sussex county, Va.—Samuel Briggs, vice R. H. Chappell, resigned; Milledge, Warren county, Va.—Emmett C. Brown, vice J. H. Grant, resigned; Sinking camp, Buchanan county, Va.—Ulysses S. Hand, vice John Mitchell, resigned.

Richmonders in New York.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NEW YORK, January 21.—Empire—J. Townsend, J. Knox, Wellington—M. J. Hensberg and wife; Hotel Astor—W. R. Zuehlmeier.



Be Your Chest

as broad as the village smithy's or under normal size; be you a six-footer, a five-footer or an in-between, we will fit you as perfectly as the best tailor.

You'll always find here a full range of sizes in Suits and Overcoats, correctly cut and scientifically graded.

And you'll also find here courteous salesmen, who will sell you what you want, not what they want.

Next to good merchandise comes good service. We believe that the salesman who serves you best, serves us best. Are we right?

Men's \$18 Suits and O'Coats,
Men's \$20 Suits and O'Coats,
Men's \$22.50 Suits and O'Coats,
Fourteen (\$14.75) Seventy-five

Jacobs & Levy

OFFICERS LOOKING FOR MISSING M'GHEE

Reward Will Probably Be Increased—Will Use Leased Cars.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
BRISTOL, TENN., January 21.—Reports from Southwest Virginia indicate that the fruit orchards have probably been seriously injured by the freezing weather last night. For two weeks spring-like weather has prevailed, and the fruit trees and rose bushes were coming out in leaf.

Although the officers were on the alert all day, no trace of Clyde McGhee, the young man charged with attempting to drown Mabel Heiberling, a seventeen-year-old girl, in Clinch River, has been found.

It is expected the reward will be increased, as the feeling against McGhee is strong.

Notwithstanding the loss of all street cars here Sunday, cars will be running again to-morrow. Leased cars were brought here to-night from Knoxville and Chattanooga.

PLEA OF GUILTY.

Fitzgerald Admits Charge of Fraud and Is Heavily Fined.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND., January 21.—Philoander H. Fitzgerald, a wealthy attorney of this city, who was indicted at the last session of the Federal grand jury on the charge of using the mails with intent to defraud, appeared before Judge A. D. Anderson to-day, and entered a plea of guilty. He was fined \$1,500 and costs.

The indictment related that the alleged fraud was in relation to the "1904 colony," located in Georgia. It was related that this colony had been established at St. George, Ga., that Mr. Fitzgerald had the morning of St. George surveyed and platted, and had sold a large number of lots. From the sales so made it was alleged Mr. Fitzgerald received about \$70,000, of which \$35,000 was not accounted for.

SURGEON-GENERAL RIXEY IN MOTOR-CAR ACCIDENT

WASHINGTON, January 21.—Surgeon-General Rixey, of the Navy; Mrs. Rixey and a woman friend, while driving yesterday afternoon were run down by an electric car on Connecticut Avenue, and miraculously escaped serious injuries. Their car was badly smashed, and they were thrown heavily to the ground, but beyond being considerably shaken up, were not hurt.

Gets No More Salary.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21.—The case of O. F. Buchanan against the State of South Carolina, involving the amount of the salary of Buchanan as circuit judge, was dismissed to-day by the Supreme Court of the United States for want of jurisdiction.

CUBAN OFFICIALS FINED FOR COCK-FIGHTING

HAVANA, January 21.—General Jose Miguel Gomez, the Liberal presidential candidate, ex-Congressman Mendizeta and General Montenegro, the two latter also being Liberals, were each fined \$500 for cock-fighting. General Pino Guerra, ex-revolutionary leader, was each fined \$500, and each on the same charge, but excused himself on account of illness.

The defendants claimed that they did not intend to break the law, but only wished to make a demonstration of Cuba's national sport to some high American army officers.

One New Charter.

The State Corporation Commission yesterday issued a charter to the Saunders phosphate Corporation, Richmond, G. A. Saunders, president, Forkville, Va.; W. C. Hartscock, general manager, Plant City, Fla.; N. M. Blanton, secretary and treasurer, Plant City, Fla. Capital, \$25,000. Object: To develop phosphate mines in the State of Florida.

Boys Arrested.

Four white boys will appear before Justice Crutchfield this morning in answer to the charge of stealing from the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. They were locked up last night at the Second Police Station, and may be sent to the Reformatory by the One John to-day. It is alleged that they broke into a railroad car.

Harrowing.

"Then I am undone!" cried the Heroine, turning away from the audience. "Only two hooks near the collar," observed the genial gallery god.—Puck.

NO TRUST FUND FOR CAMPAIGNS

Bill Prohibiting Corporations From Making Contributions Passes the House.

CORTEYOU IS CRITICIZED

Attention Called to the Fact That He Has Been Promoted and Not Asked to Make Restitution.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21.—Discussion of the Senate bill to prohibit corporations from making money contributions in connection with political elections took the form of a campaign stump debate in the House to-day, but this did not prevent the passage of the measure. Democrats, under the lead of Representative Williams, of Mississippi; Robinson, of Arkansas, and Hardwick, of Ga., criticized the alleged activity of Republican National Chairman Cortelyou during the last presidential campaign in soliciting funds from corporations.

Mr. Hardwick recalled the charges made by Judge Parker, the Democratic candidate, and the defense by President Roosevelt. The Georgia Representative called upon the Republicans to refund to "widows and orphans" the \$18,000 contributed to the fund by the New York Life Insurance Company, the fate of which was brought out in the recent insurance investigation in New York. He referred to Mr. McCall and Andy Hamilton in very caustic terms.

Mr. Sherman replied that both of these gentlemen were Democrats. Mr. Williams declared it to be a still sadder commentary on the evil of the Republican party, when it could go outside of its own ranks to "corrupt."

Mr. Mann, of Illinois, opposed the bill on the ground that corporations should be permitted to contribute to election expenses if rich individuals were to do so. The Democrats applauded a question by Mr. Williams as to whether any one doubted President Roosevelt's ability to bring about a return of contributions by insurance companies "if he exerted his great power, influence and popularity."

Replying to this question, Mr. Robinson said: "It is a well known fact that the Republican chairman was promoted in office, and he had not been asked to make restitution of the funds taken from widows and orphans."

Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, said he would vote for the bill so as to give the people an opportunity to see how bad a failure it would be. The bill was passed, two-thirds having voted for the measure.

The bill to reorganize and increase the efficiency of the artillery corps of the United States Army was taken up under suspension of the rules and passed.

A bill was passed authorizing the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to investigate and report upon the "industrial, social, moral, educational and physical condition of women wage earners working in the United States." The measure has already passed the Senate.

After the passage of a number of bills under suspension of the rules, the House passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill, and at 5:10 P. M. adjourned.

Southern to Issue Bonds.

NEW YORK, January 21.—The Southern Railway Company has arranged to issue through J. P. Morgan and Company \$15,000,000 three-year bonds, according to an announcement made to-day.

Piles

Cured Quickly and Painlessly—No Risk, No Danger.

A Free Trial Package to Convince Sent by Mail to All Who Write.

Common sense is just as necessary (even more so) in medicine as in business or the affairs of every day life. People are getting to know more of what they need. Not so long ago, it was the fashion to make all sorts of claims for a medicine which would cure piles, and to go to a drug store and buy a bottle. People won't stand for that kind of thing any more. They want to know the truth. They want to try the remedy first and if they find it to be what is claimed they will be glad enough to go and buy it.



A CONVINCING ARGUMENT.

That is why we say to every person suffering from piles or any form of rectal trouble, send us your name and we will send you a free trial package. For we know what the result will be. We are sending a trial you will carry to your nearest drugist and get a box of our Pyramid Pile Cure, now admitted by the medical profession to be one of the most wonderful cures for Piles ever known. "Please excuse my delay in writing to you," says one of our most successful patients. "I have done for me. I consider it one of the finest medicines in the world for piles. I suffered untold misery for four months when my wife begged me to send for a box. When it was half gone I knew I was better and it didn't take any time to get the rest. I am now cured. I think I am about well now, but if I feel any symptoms of a return I will order at once. I order it from the Pyramid Drug Co. to be sure of the cure. Tell all about this fine remedy for piles."

If there is anything in this letter you want to do so. I received your letter a few days ago. Yours for a remedy like Pyramid Pile Cure to send for. "R. J. McElwee."

"Honey Grove, Tex., R. 3, Box 29. "P. S.—I only used two boxes and don't think I need any more. Piles of seven months' standing."

To get a free trial package send to-day to the Pyramid Drug Co., 147 Broadway Building, Marshall, Michigan. It will come by return mail and the results will both delight and astonish you.

900 Drops
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H. H.*
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE GENTIAN COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Prescribed by *Dr. J. C. H. H. H. H.*
Facsimile Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H. H.*
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS.
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H. H.*
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE GENTIAN COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DAVIS PAPERS NOW IN MUSEUM

(Continued from First Page.)

said he had no doubt in entering heaven many would say, looking at the throngs raised high above others around them: "And, Lord, who sits here?"

And the Lord will answer: "Robert E. Lee and Jefferson Davis. They indeed have come out of great tribulation, but they have washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb."

Received by Dr. Smith.

Rev. Dr. James P. Smith received the papers and other relics given by Miss Shea from the archdeacon, as the chaplain of the museum, and the representative of the Confederate Memorial Literary Society.

His remarks in doing so were characteristically appropriate and replete with the finest appreciation and patriotism. Said the doctor in conclusion: "I put on my gray Confederate coat on Saturday last, and as I marched in the ranks of my comrades, I asked myself what I was doing there; what was the meaning of it all, and why I had donned the gray and the brass buttons."

"And," he continued, "the answer came at once—'Because I desire to show to those around me and those who come after me that I stand where I stood during my service in the Confederate army, and am moved by the same hopes, principles and desires, knowing that the truth is mighty, and must at length prevail.'"

Dr. Jeffers had the pleasure of being presented to Miss Lee after the ceremonies were ended, and of talking with her for quite a little while. A telegram received by Miss Lee from Charles Francis Adams expressed regret at the fact of his inability to come to Richmond and of his not meeting Miss Lee during her stay in Richmond, is at the Jefferson Hotel. She took an automobile ride around the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the city yesterday afternoon, returning in time to be present at the Woman's Club, and hold an informal reception there.

She will go to the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point, from Richmond to spend the remainder of the winter, and will take with her a little while to the